

TEMPLATE

Type of work, work equipment, workplace	Risk factors/ shortcomings/ loads (factor)	Factor related explanations and references	Regulations and working instructions	Measures: Technical, Organizational, Personal	Implementation (who) (when)
	Noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Is the driver exposed to noise having negative impact on hearing (measured level exceeds 87 dB(A)? - What is the duration of work in average noise (80 dB(A))? - Is work performed in noisy zones (measured level exceeds 85 dB(A)? - Are noise abatement measures controlled? - Are regular health checkups performed? 	<p>Hygiene Norm HN 33-1: 2003</p> <p>Regulations on Employee Supply with Personal Protective Equipment.</p> <p>Regulations for Using Safety and Health Labels in Workplaces.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Choose noiseless working equipment (use quieter vehicles) and processes; - Reduce sound distribution in premises by using sound absorbing coating or lining; - Use technical protective equipment at the key sources of noise, in noise spreading areas and workplaces, e.g. capsules, mufflers, partitions, noise-abatement booths; - Prepare and implement noise abatement programs in the company; - Use personal protective equipment and hearing conservation measures; - Perform hearing check-ups (regular health checkups); - Label noisy areas; - Enforce the procedure of acoustic signals, warning signs and emergency notification; improve the alarming procedure. 	
	Exposure to whole-body vibration	Is potentially low dose of vibration considered in the selection of the vehicle?	Hygiene Norm HN 51:2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reduce or remove road roughness; - Use vehicles with allowable vibration value; - Provide for vibration protected seats and cabins of the vehicle; - Repair the vehicle's suspension, seat's shock absorbers and springs; - Arrange the work in such a manner that the day's exposure to vibration would last less than recommended (e.g. rotate the drivers). 	